

(Regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission, Title 2, Division 6, California Code of Regulations.)

§ 18703. Public Generally.

(a) General Rule. A governmental decision's financial effect on a public official's financial interest is indistinguishable from its effect on the public generally if the official establishes that a significant segment of the public is affected and the effect on the official's financial interest is not unique compared to the effect on the significant segment.

(b) A significant segment of the public is:

(1) At least 25 percent of:

(A) All businesses or non-profit entities within the official's jurisdiction;

(B) All real property, commercial real property, or residential real property within the official's jurisdiction; or

(C) All individuals within the official's jurisdiction.

(2) At least 15 percent of residential real property within the official's jurisdiction if the only interest an official has in the governmental decision is the official's primary residence.

(c) A unique effect on a public official's financial interest includes a disproportionate effect on:

(1) The development potential or use of the official's real property or on the income producing potential of the official's real property or business entity.

(2) The official's business entity or real property resulting from the proximity of a project that is the subject of a decision.

(3) The official's interests in business entities or real properties resulting from the cumulative effect of the official's multiple interests in similar entities or properties that is substantially greater than the effect on a single interest.

(4) The official's interest in a business entity or real property resulting from the official's substantially greater business volume or larger real property size when a decision affects all interests by the same or similar rate or percentage.

(5) A person's income, investments, assets or liabilities, or real property if the person is a source of income or gifts to the official.

(6) The official's personal finances or those of the official's immediate family.

(d) "Jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction of the state or local government agency as defined in Section 82035, or the designated geographical area the official was elected to represent, or the area to which the official's authority and duties are limited if not elected.

(e) Specific Rules for Special Circumstances. The financial effect on a public official's financial interest is deemed indistinguishable from that of the public generally where there is no unique effect on the official's interest if the official establishes:

(1) Public Services and Utilities. The decision sets or adjusts the amount of an assessment, tax, fee, or rate for water, utility, or other broadly provided public services that is applied equally, proportionally, or by the same percentage to the official's interest and all businesses, properties, or individuals subject to the assessment, tax, fee, or rate. This exception does not apply if the decision would impose the assessment, tax or fee, or determine the boundaries of a property, or who is subject to the assessment, tax, or fee. Under this exception, an official is only permitted to take part in setting or adjusting the amount of the assessment, tax,

or fee, once the decisions to implement, and determine the property or persons subject to the assessment, tax, or fee, have already been made.

(2) General Use or Licensing Fees. The decision affects the official's personal finances as a result of an increase or decrease to a general fee or charge, such as parking rates, permits, license fees, application fees, or any general fee that applies to the entire jurisdiction.

(3) Limited Neighborhood Effects. The decision affects residential real property limited to a specific location, encompassing more than 50, or five percent of the residential real properties in the official's jurisdiction, and the decision establishes, amends, or eliminates ordinances that restrict on-street parking, impose traffic controls, deter vagrancy, reduce nuisance or improve public safety, provided the body making the decision gathers sufficient evidence to support the need for the action at the specific location.

(4) Rental Properties. The decision is limited to establishing, eliminating, amending, or otherwise affecting the respective rights or liabilities of tenants and owners of residential rental property, including a decision regarding a rent control ordinance or tenant protection measures, provided all of the following criteria are met:

(A) The decision is applicable to all residential rental properties within the official's jurisdiction other than those excepted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (Civil Code Sections 1954.40, et seq.).

(B) The official owns three or fewer residential rental units. For purposes of this regulation, a residential rental unit is each individual unit consisting of a single-family household.

(C) The only interests affected by the decision are:

(i) Interests resulting from the official's lease of residential real property, as the lessor of the property.

(ii) An interest in the official's primary residence as either a lessee or owner of the property.

(5) Required Representative Interest. The decision is made by a board or commission and the law that establishes the board or commission requires certain appointees have a representative interest in a particular industry, trade, or profession or other identified interest, and the public official is an appointed member representing that interest. This provision applies only if the effect is on the industry, trade, or profession or other identified interest represented.

(6) State of Emergency. The decision is made pursuant to an official proclamation of a state of emergency when required to mitigate against the effects directly arising out of the emergency.

(7) Governmental Entities. The decision affects a federal, state, or local governmental entity in which the official has an interest.

(8) Governmental Entities that Manage Airports or Harbors. The decision is made by a governmental entity primarily responsible for the management of an airport or harbor and both of the following criteria are met:

(A) The decision affects in a similar manner those permits, licenses or other use entitlements granted by the governmental entity that are broadly available to all others similarly situated and are provided on substantially the same terms as for any other recipient.

(B) The official's interests affected by the decision relate to the official's permit, license or other use entitlement from the government entity.

CREDITS

Note: Authority cited: Section 83112, Government Code. Reference: Sections 87100, 87102.5, 87102.6, 87102.8 and 87103, Government Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 2-20-76; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 76, No. 8).
2. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 4-28-82; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 18).
3. Amendment of initial paragraph only filed 11-13-85; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85, No. 46).
4. Repealer and new section filed 11-29-93; operative 12-29-93 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 93, No. 49).
5. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (a) (Register 94, No. 25).
6. Amendment of subsections (b)-(b)(3) filed 12-5-94; operative 12-5-94 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 94, No. 49).
7. Editorial correction of subsection (a)(1)(A)(i) (Register 95, No. 50).
8. Amendment filed 3-26-96; operative 3-26-96 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 96, No. 13).
9. Repealer and new section filed 11-23-98; operative 11-23-98 pursuant to the 1974 version of Government Code section 11380.2 and title 2, California Code of Regulations, section 18312(d) and (e) (Register 98, No. 48).
10. Editorial correction of History 9 (Register 2000, No. 25).
11. Amendment of section heading and repealer and new section filed 5-18-2015; operative 6-17-2015. Submitted to OAL for filing pursuant to Fair Political Practices Commission v. Office of Administrative Law, 3 Civil C010924, California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District,

nonpublished decision, April 27, 1992 (FPPC regulations only subject to 1974 Administrative Procedure Act rulemaking requirements) (Register 2015, No. 21).

12. Amendment filed 10-19-2020; operative 11-18-2020 pursuant to Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, section 18312(e). Submitted to OAL for filing pursuant to Fair Political Practices Commission v. Office of Administrative Law, 3 Civil C010924, California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, nonpublished decision, April 27, 1992 (FPPC regulations only subject to 1974 Administrative Procedure Act rulemaking requirements and not subject to procedural or substantive review by OAL) (Register 2020, No. 43).

13. Amendment of subsection (c)(6) filed 5-12-2021; operative 6-11-2021 pursuant to Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, section 18312(e). Submitted to OAL for filing pursuant to Fair Political Practices Commission v. Office of Administrative Law, 3 Civil C010924, California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, nonpublished decision, April 27, 1992 (FPPC regulations only subject to 1974 Administrative Procedure Act rulemaking requirements and not subject to procedural or substantive review by OAL) (Register 2021, No. 20).

14. Amendment of subsection (e)(1) and new subsections (e)(8)-(e)(8)(B) filed 12-17-2024; operative 1-16-2025 pursuant to Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, section 18312(e). Submitted to OAL for filing pursuant to Fair Political Practices Commission v. Office of Administrative Law, 3 Civil C010924, California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, nonpublished decision, April 27, 1992 (FPPC regulations only subject to 1974 Administrative Procedure Act rulemaking requirements and not subject to procedural or substantive review by OAL) (Register 2024, No. 51).