1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	JAMES M. LINDSAY Chief of Enforcement JENNA C. RINEHART Senior Commission Counsel FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION 1102 Q Street, Suite 3050 Sacramento, CA 95811 Telephone: (279) 237-5910 Email: JRinehart@fppc.ca.gov  Attorneys for Complainant Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission  BEFORE THE FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11	In the Matter of	FPPC Case No. 20/917	
12	NORTH YUBA WATER DISTRICT,	STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER	
13	Respondent.	Date Submitted to Commission: August 2024	
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15	INTRODUCTION		
16	Respondent North Yuba Water District (the "NYWD") is located in Yuba County and services		
17	approximately 2,300 people with 839 service connections.		
18 19	This case was opened in response to a swor	ibits the sending of a mass mailing featuring an	
20	elected official at public expense. The NYWD viol		
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22	mailings, which featured an elected official, at public expense.  SUMMARY OF THE LAW		
23		om time to time. The violations in this case occurred	
24	in 2019 through 2021. For this reason, all legal references and discussions of law pertain to the Act's		
25	provisions as they existed at that time.		
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28	<sup>1</sup> The Political Reform Act is contained in Government Code §§ 81000 through 91014, and all statutory references are to this code. The regulations of the Fair Political Practice Commission are contained in §§ 18104 through 18998 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, and all regulatory references are to this source.		
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### Need for Liberal Construction and Vigorous Enforcement of the Political Reform Act

When enacting the Act, the people of California found and declared that previous laws regulating political practices suffered from inadequate enforcement by state and local authorities.<sup>2</sup> For this reason, the Act is to be construed liberally to accomplish its purposes.<sup>3</sup>

One stated purpose of the Act is to abolish laws and practices that unfairly favor incumbents so that elections may be conducted more fairly.<sup>4</sup> Another purpose of the Act is to provide adequate enforcement mechanisms so that the Act will be "vigorously enforced."<sup>5</sup>

### Mass Mailing at Public Expense

No newsletter or other mass mailing shall be sent at public expense.<sup>6</sup> Specifically, a mailing is prohibited if all of the following criteria are met:<sup>7</sup>

- (1) An item sent is delivered, by any means, to the recipient at their residence, place of employment or business, or post office box. The item delivered to the recipient must be a tangible item, such as a written document.
- (2) The item sent features an elected officer<sup>8</sup> affiliated with the agency that produces or sends the mailing. An item "features an elected officer" when it includes the elected officer's photograph or signature or singles out the elected officer by the manner of display of their name or office in the layout of the document, such as by headlines, captions, type size, typeface, or type color.<sup>9</sup> A mailing containing the name, office, photograph, or other reference to an elected officer who consults or acts in concert with the agency to prepare or send the mailing also fulfills the second criteria.
- (3) Any of the costs of distribution are paid for with public moneys or the costs of design, production, and printing exceeding \$50 are paid with public moneys, and is done with the intent of sending the item other than as permitted by this section.
- (4) More than 200 substantially similar items are sent in a single calendar month, excluding any item sent in response to an unsolicited request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 81001, subd. (h).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 81003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 81002, subd. (e).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 81002, subd. (f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 89001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 89002, subd. (a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "Elected officer" means any person who holds an elective office or has been elected to an elective office but has not yet taken office. A person who is appointed to fill a vacant elective office is an elected officer. (Section 82020.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 89002, subd. (c)(2).

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### SUMMARY OF THE FACTS

Between 2019 and 2022, the NYWD produced at least 10 different Newsletters that provided a variety of information to residents including notices of Board meetings, contact information for each Board member, expenses to the agency, and project updates.

Four of the Newsletters (sent September 2019, October 2019, November 2019, and January 2020) included a section titled "Chairman's Update." The Chairman's Update included a statement from Eric Hansard, who at that time was President of the NYWD Board of Directors, along with Hansard's picture and signature.

The Newsletter sent in April 2020 also included a section titled "Chairman's Update." The Chairman's Update included a statement from Eric Hansard, along with Hansard's signature. Additionally, the April 2020 Newsletter included a section titled "Election of Officers" which included a congratulatory statement to Eric Hansard and Doug Neilson for their success in getting elected to Board Chairman and Vice-Chair respectively.

The Newsletter sent during the Summer of 2020 included pictures and other references to four NYWD Board members including Gary Hawthrone, Doug Neilson, Eric Hansard, and Fred Mitchell. The Newsletter sent in October 2021 included a section titled "Director News Welcome Back Donald Forguson." The article states, in part, that District 4 Director, Gretchen Flohr, resigned and Donald Forguson was appointed by the board. The article goes on to state how Forguson had previously served on the NYWD Board of Directors and is a local volunteer fire fighter with the rank of Captain.

As a result, seven of the Newsletters produced by the NYWD featured an elected officer. The NYWD contracted with Crystal Martin of Smart Marketing & Public Affairs to design, print, and mail the NYWD Newsletters. Prior to printing and mailing, each of the Newsletters were reviewed and approved by the NYWD General Manager at the time, Jeff Maupin, and the Newsletters would occasionally be reviewed and approved by the NYWD Directors.

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The NYWD confirmed that public moneys were used to design, print, and mail each of the Newsletters at issue here as follows:

Newsletter	Costs	Amount Mailed
September 2019	\$6,265.52	2000
October 2019	\$4,133.16	1000
November 2019	\$3,526.57	1000
January 2020	\$1,553.15	1000
April 2020	\$1,478.50	1000
Summer 2020	\$7,744.13	3500
October 2021	\$3,879.00	2000
Totals:	\$28,580.03	11,500

In summary, between 2019 and 2022, the NYWD produced at least 10 different Newsletters, seven of which were determined to be a prohibited mass mailing at public expense that featured an elected officer.

#### **VIOLATIONS**

### **Count 1: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around September of 2019, the NYWD produced the September 2019 Newsletter that featured an elected officer and spent approximately \$6,265 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 2,000 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

### **Count 2: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around October of 2019, the NYWD produced the October 2019 Newsletter that featured an elected officer and spent approximately \$4,133 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 1,000 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

### **Count 3: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around November of 2019, the NYWD produced the November 2019 Newsletter that featured an elected officer and spent approximately \$3,526 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 1,000 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

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### **Count 4: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around January of 2020, the NYWD produced the January 2020 Newsletter that featured an elected officer and spent approximately \$1,553 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 1,000 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

### **Count 5: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around April of 2020, the NYWD produced the April 2020 Newsletter that featured elected officers and spent approximately \$1,478 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 1,000 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

### **Count 6: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around August of 2020 and October of 2020, the NYWD produced the Summer 2020 Newsletter that featured elected officers and spent approximately \$7,744 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 3,500 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

### **Count 7: Mass Mailing at Public Expense**

In or around October of 2021, the NYWD produced the October 2021 Newsletter that featured an elected officer and spent approximately \$3,879 to design, print, and mail this Newsletter to 2,000 residents, in violation of Government Code Sections 89001 and 89002.

#### PROPOSED PENALTY

This matter consists of seven proposed counts. The maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000 per count. Thus, the maximum penalty that may be imposed for the counts charged here is \$35,000.<sup>10</sup>

Violations of mass mailings at public expense are not eligible for the Streamline Program.<sup>11</sup>

In determining the appropriate penalty for a particular violation of the Act, the Enforcement Division considers the typical treatment of a violation in the overall statutory scheme of the Act, with an emphasis on serving the purposes and intent of the Act. Additionally, the Enforcement Division considers the facts and circumstances of the violation in the context of the following factors set forth in Regulation 18361.5 subdivision (e)(1) through (8): (1) The extent and gravity of the public harm caused

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 83116, subd. (c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Regulations 18360.1, subd. (b), and 18360.2, subd. (b).

by the specific violation; (2) The level of experience of the violator with the requirements of the Political Reform Act; (3) Penalties previously imposed by the Commission in comparable cases; (4) The presence or absence of any intention to conceal, deceive or mislead; (5) Whether the violation was deliberate, negligent or inadvertent; (6) Whether the violator demonstrated good faith by consulting the Commission staff or any other governmental agency in a manner not constituting complete defense under Government Code Section 83114(b); (7) Whether the violation was isolated or part of a pattern and whether the violator has a prior record of violations of the Political Reform Act or similar laws; and (8) Whether the violator, upon learning of a reporting violation, voluntarily filed amendments to provide full disclosure.<sup>12</sup>

The public harm inherent in mass mailing at public expense violations is that the mailings may unfairly favor the featured elected officer. These types of violations cause a high degree of public harm when the featured elected officer appears on the ballot for an upcoming election. The violation at issue in Count 6 carries a high degree of public harm because three of the featured elected officers appeared on the November 3, 2020 General Election ballot and were re-elected to their positions. The public harm for the remaining violations were mitigated as none of the featured elected officers were up for re-election.

There was no evidence to support an intent to conceal, deceive or mislead the public. The Enforcement Division found that the violations here were negligent. It was clear that the Newsletters were produced and mailed by the NYWD. The NYWD General Manager reviewed and approved each of the Newsletters before they were printed and distributed to the public. On occasion, the Newsletters were also reviewed and approved by the NYWD Directors. However, there is insufficient evidence to determine which Newsletters were approved by which NYWD Directors.

The NYWD cooperated with the Enforcement Division throughout its investigation and provided the relevant information and supporting records. The evidence shows a pattern of violations as the majority of the Newsletters produced by the NYWD featured an elected officer. However, the NYWD does not have a prior record of violating the Act. There was no evidence that the NYWD consulted with Commission staff or any other governmental agency prior to producing the Newsletters at issue here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Regulation 18361.5, subd. (e).

The Commission considers penalties in prior cases with the same or similar violations and comparable facts. Recent similar cases involving prohibited mass mailings at public expense include:

In the Matter of Tuolumne Utilities District; FPPC Case No. 19/781 (approved March 21, 2024). The Commission imposed a penalty in the amount of \$2,000 against the District for producing and sending a prohibited mass mailing at public expense. In January and February of 2019, the District produced a printed newsletter and included a copy in the water bills mailed to residents. The newsletter included a photograph of the District's Board of Directors with a caption under the photograph listing the names of the five board members. The text "TUD Board of Directors 2019" was superimposed on the photograph. Approximately 14,250 copies of the newsletter were produced and mailed for a total cost of \$2,198. The District's board members were not aware of the photograph being included in the newsletter and did not approve the newsletter. Additionally, none of the District's board members were up for re-election in 2019.

In the Matter of Compton Community College District; FPPC Case No. 22/795 (approved September 21, 2023). The Commission imposed a penalty in the amount of \$4,000 against the District for producing and sending a prohibited mass mailing at public expense. In October of 2022, the District produced and mailed an informational newsletter to students and residents. The newsletter included a photograph of the District's Board President along with their name and title. The newsletter included other references to the District's Board President including a message from the President and the use of pronouns ("I") in the message. Also, the newsletter included photographs with captions of all of the District's five Board of Trustees. Approximately 33,276 copies of the newsletter was produced and mailed for a total cost of \$36,767. The District's board members were not aware of the photograph being included in the newsletter and did not approve the newsletter. Three of the District's Board of Trustees who appeared in the photographs also appeared on the November 8, 2022 General Election ballot for reelection to their District positions, each were successful.

Here, between September of 2019 and October of 2021, the NYWD produced and sent seven prohibited Newsletters that featured an elected officer. In total, the Newsletters were produced, printed, and mailed to residents at an approximate cost of \$28,580, a significantly higher amount than that at issue in *Tuolumne Utilities District* and a slightly lower amount than that at issue in *Compton* 

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Community College District. Unlike Tuolumne Utilities District and Compton Community College District who produced 14,250 copies and 33,276 copies of the prohibited mailer respectively, the NYWD only produced approximately 11,500 Newsletters. Similar to Compton Community College District, the NYWD produced and mailed the Summer 2020 Newsletter the month prior to an election where the featured elected officers also successfully appeared on the ballot for re-election to their positions. Therefore, a total penalty of \$22,000 is recommended; \$3,000 per count for Counts 1-5 and 7, and \$4,000 for Count 6.

Under these circumstances, it is respectfully submitted that imposition of an agreed upon penalty in the amount of \$22,000 is justified, as reflected in the chart below:

Count	Violation	Penalty
1	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$3,000
2	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$3,000
3	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$3,000
4	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$3,000
5	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$3,000
6	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$4,000
7	Mass Mailing Sent at Public Expense	\$3,000
	Total:	\$22,000

### **CONCLUSION**

Complainant, the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission, and Respondent, North Yuba Water District, hereby agree as follows:

- Respondent violated the Act as described in the foregoing pages, which are a true and accurate 1. summary of the facts in this matter.
- 2. This stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Fair Political Practices Commission at its next regularly scheduled meeting – or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.
- 3. This stipulation resolves all factual and legal issues raised in this matter – for the purpose of reaching a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of Respondent pursuant to Section 83116.

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1	7. The parties to this agreement may execute their respective signature pages separately. A copy of		
2	any party's executed signature page, including a hardcopy of a signature page transmitted via fax or as		
3	a PDF email attachment, is as effective and binding as the original.		
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6	Dated:		
7	James M. Lindsay, Chief of Enforcement Fair Political Practices Commission		
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10	Dated:		
11	Water District, Respondent, on behalf of North Yuba		
12	www. Sistres, respondent		
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16	The foregoing stipulation of the parties "In the Matter of North Yuba Water District," FPPC		
17	Case No. 20/917, is hereby accepted as the final decision and order of the Fair Political Practices		
18	Commission, effective upon execution by the Chair.		
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20	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
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22	Dated:		
23	Adam E. Silver, Chair Fair Political Practices Commission		
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